IN THE CLAIMS

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Please make the following claim substitutions:

- 1 (Currently amended) A method for use in a system that is adapted to transmit a data burst over at least two antennas, the method comprising the step of:
 - transmitting at least two training sequences, each of the at least two training sequences being transmitted ever via a different respective one of said antennas,
 - each of the at least two training sequences having a normalized auto-correlation below an auto-correlation threshold, the auto-correlation threshold being significantly less than unity, and
 - each pair of the at least two training sequences having a normalized cross-correlation below a cross-correlation threshold, the cross-correlation threshold being significantly less than unity.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein each of the at least two training sequences having the normalized auto-correlation below the auto-correlation threshold comprises a sum of the squares of a normalized auto-correlation of one of the at least two training sequences over an auto-correlation window being below the auto-
- 5 correlation threshold.
- 1 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein each pair of the at least two training
- 2 sequences having the normalized cross-correlation below the cross-correlation
- threshold comprises a sum of the squares of a normalized cross-correlation of the pair
- 4 of the at least two training sequences over a cross-correlation window being below the
- 5 cross-correlation threshold.
- 1 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the auto-correlation threshold is .06.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the cross-correlation threshold is .12.
- 1 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein:
- the normalized auto-correlation is an auto-correlation normalized by the number of symbols in one of the training sequences, and

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- the normalized cross-correlation is a cross-correlation normalized by the number of symbols in one of the training sequences.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the system exhibits frequency selective fading.
- 1 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein:
- the data burst includes a plurality of sub-streams, each sub-stream representing different bits than the other sub-streams of the plurality of sub-streams; and
 - at a particular time each of at least two of the sub-streams are transmitted over a different respective antenna of the at least two antennas.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the cross-correlation is taken over a
- cross-correlation window of -L+1 to 0 and 0 to L-1, L being the number of symbols over
- which multipaths of significant power can arrive.
- 1 10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the auto-correlation is taken over an
- 2 auto-correlation window of -L+1 to L-1, excluding 0, L being the number of symbols over
- which multipaths of significant power can arrive.
- 1 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein:
- the system is adapted to transmit a plurality of data bursts; and
- the transmitting step is repeated for each data burst.
- 1 12. (Currently amended) A method for use in a system that is adapted to transmit a data burst over at least two antennas, the method comprising the step of:
- transmitting at least two training sequences, each of the at least two training sequences being transmitted ever via a different respective one of said antennas,
- the training sequences being shifted versions of each other,
- with each cyclic sequences sequence having a normalized cyclic-auto-correlation
 below a cyclic-auto-correlation threshold, each cyclic sequence being N', N'=N-L+1,
 symbols of one of the at least two training sequences, the cyclic-auto-correlation
 threshold being significantly less than unity, L being the number of symbols over which

- multipaths of significant power can arrive, and N being the number of symbols in one of 10 the training sequences. 11
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein each cyclic sequence having the 1
- normalized cyclic-auto-correlation below the cyclic-auto-correlation threshold comprises 2
- a sum of the squares of a normalized cyclic-auto-correlation of one of the cyclic 3
- sequences over a cyclic-auto-correlation window being below the cyclic auto-correlation 4
- threshold. 5
- The method of claim 12, wherein the cyclic-auto-correlation threshold 14. (Original) 1
- comprises .2. 2
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the normalized cyclic-auto-correlation is 1
- a cyclic-auto-correlation normalized by N'.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the system exhibits frequency selective 1
- fading. 2

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- The method of claim 12, wherein: 17. (Original) 1
- the data burst includes a plurality of sub-streams, each sub-stream representing 2 different bits than the other sub-streams of the plurality of sub-streams; and
- at a particular time each of at least two of the sub-streams are transmitted over a 4 different respective antenna of the at least two antennas. 5
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein: 1
- the system is adapted to transmit a plurality of data bursts; and 2
- the transmitting step is repeated for each data burst. 3
- 19. (Currently amended) A method for use in a system that is adapted to transmit a 1 data burst over at least two antennas, the method comprising the step of: 2
- transmitting at least two training sequences, each of the at least two training 3 sequences being transmitted over via a different respective one of said antennas, 4
- a trace of an inverse of a product of a matrix of symbols of the at least two 5 training sequences and a conjugate transpose of the matrix is below a trace threshold, 6

- the trace threshold being below 5ML/(N-L+1), L being the number of symbols over which multipaths of significant power can arrive, M being the number of training sequences, and N being the number of symbols in one of the training sequences.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein the trace threshold is 1.2ML/(N-L+1).
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein the matrix is a function of at least one of the following:
- the number of symbols over which multipaths of significant power can arrive;
- the number of training sequences; and
- the number of symbols of one of the training sequences.
- 1 22. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein matrix is a block-toepliz matrix.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 22, wherein the block-toepliz matrix includes:
- M blocks, M being the number of training sequences,
- each block having L columns, L being the number of symbols over which multipaths of significant power can arrive, and
- each block having N-L+1 rows, N being the number of symbols in one training sequence.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein the system exhibits frequency selective fading.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein:
- the system is adapted to transmit a plurality of data bursts; and
- the transmitting step is repeated for each data burst.
- 26. (Currently amended) A transmitter adapted to be coupled to at least two antennas,
- the transmitter being further adapted to transmit at least two training sequences,
- each of the at least two training sequences being transmitted over via a different
- 4 respective <u>one of said</u> antenna<u>s</u>,

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each of the at least two training sequences having a normalized auto-correlation 5 below an auto-correlation threshold, the auto-correlation threshold being significantly 6 less than unity, and 7

each pair of the at least two training sequences having a normalized crosscorrelation below a cross-correlation threshold, the cross-correlation threshold being significantly less than unity.

- 27. (Original) The transmitter of claim 26, wherein each of the at least two training 1 sequences having the normalized auto-correlation below the auto-correlation threshold comprises a sum of the squares of a normalized auto-correlation of one of the at least 3 two training sequences over an auto-correlation window being below the auto-
- correlation threshold. 5
- 28. (Original) The transmitter of claim 26, wherein each pair of the at least two training 1
- sequences having the normalized cross-correlation below the cross-correlation 2
- threshold comprises a sum of the squares of a normalized cross-correlation of the pair 3
- of the at least two training sequences over a cross-correlation window being below the 4
- cross-correlation threshold. 5
- 29. (Original) The transmitter of claim 26, wherein the auto-correlation threshold is .06. 1
- 30. (Original) The transmitter of claim 26, wherein the cross-correlation threshold is .12. 2
- 31. (Original) The transmitter of claim 26, wherein the transmitter is adapted for use in 1
- a system having frequency selective fading. 2
- 32. (Currently amended) The method transmitter of claim 26, wherein: 1
- the normalized auto-correlation is an auto-correlation normalized by the number 2 of symbols in one of the training sequences, and 3
- the normalized cross-correlation is a cross-correlation normalized by the number 4 of symbols in one of the training sequences. 5

- 1 33. (Original) The transmitter of claim 26, wherein the cross-correlation is taken over a
- window of -L+1 to 0 and 0 to L-1, L being the number of symbols over which multipaths
- of significant power can arrive.
- 1 34. (Original) The transmitter of claim 26, wherein the auto-correlation is taken over a
- window of -L+1 to L-1, excluding 0, L being the number of symbols over which
- multipaths of significant power can arrive.
- i 35. (Canceled)